

ale of Mid-Summer Goods!

HT WEIGHTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.  
d your idea of a comfortable sum-  
outfit in our complete stock.  
SEE OUR PRICES ON  
Boys' & Children's Suits  
RSCH BROS.,  
and 44 Whitehall St.

GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES, ETC.  
OWN & KING,  
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN  
Cotton, Woolen & General Mill Supplies  
MACHINERY and TOOLS  
Wrought Iron Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods,  
Belting, Hose, Packing, etc. Agents for the  
Cameron Steam Pump and Washburn & Moen  
Wire Rope.  
62 SOUTH BROAD ST.

PLE SONS  
ATLANTA, GA.

Marble Dust  
CEMENTS  
LIME  
PLASTER PARIS  
Fire Clay  
STOVE FLUE  
Grate Coal  
Shop Coal  
WRITE FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST

CUTT & BELLINGRATH  
HEADQUARTERS FOR  
enameled Tile Hearths and Facings, Hard Wood  
and Iron Mantels, Plain and Fancy Grates,  
S FIXTURES,  
ators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Baby Car-  
Agents for Knowles' Steam Pump, Climax Gas Ma-  
as Engine, Hancock Inspirators, Wrought Iron  
r and Gas.  
ATLANTA, GA.

eyan Female Institute,  
STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.  
One of the most attractive Schools for Young Ladies in the Union  
through. Buildings elegant. Steam heat. Gas light. Situation beautiful. Climate  
pleasant. Terms among the lowest in the Union. For the LIBERAL  
LIBERATED OLD VIRGINIA SCHOOL, write for a catalogue to  
WM. A. HARRIS, President, Staunton, Virginia.

GRANITE.  
John Coetz, Jr., Vice-Prod. J. A. Eberhardt, Sec'y Treas. & Gen. Mgr.  
SOUTHERN GRANITE COMPANY,  
QUARRIES AT LITHONIA, GA.  
al Contractors in Granite

asure in announcing that we are now prepared to  
estimates upon the finest quality of Lithonia

RANITE  
For any and all purposes, especially in the line of  
TETECTURAL,  
MONUMENTAL AND  
STREET PAVING WORK.  
IFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES WILL BE PROMPTLY FURNISHED.  
OFFICE: 10-20 Wiggins Block, CINCINNATI.  
Branch Office: 10-20 Wiggins Block, CINCINNATI.

IL WERNER  
& WERNER  
No. 40 Decatur St.,  
ATLANTA, GA.  
Wholesale  
Liquor  
Dealers.  
Goods Delivered.  
All orders from  
a distance prompt-  
ly attended to.

ers' Briefs!  
TON JOB OFFICE MAKES A  
tion on short notice lawyers'  
ed with a large amount and  
and employing a large force of  
special advantages for doing  
printing demanding rapid ex-  
ecution. Have your printing  
STITION JOB OFFICE.

FOR RENT.  
A nice, pleasant office in Constitu-  
tion building. Apply at business  
office Constitution.

20 Pages.

VOL. XXI.

DRY GOODS.

John Keely's  
Onslaught Upon Prices

Has proven to be a bonanza to  
bargain lovers. His stores were  
thronged last week with eager pur-  
chasers.

The Closing Out Sale

will be continued until the entire  
stock has been sold.

To accomplish this at once John  
Keely has marked his entire stock  
down to merely nominal figures.

FOR EXAMPLE:  
2C. 1 case beautiful printed Lawns, selling  
everywhere for 5c,  
43 pieces good Calicoes.  
5C. 20 pieces good Bleached Domestics, worth  
8c.  
8C. 90 pieces Black Nun's Veiling, would be  
worth at 20c.

SPECIAL

112 Ladies' Fine Mohair Traveling Ulsters  
75c,  
Goods Worth \$3.00.

SATEENS!

The entire stock of  
Sateens marked down  
to 8c a yard, formerly  
15c and 20c.

Dress Goods Given Away

Without Regard to Cost.  
25 Cents Cashmere  
Reduced to  
12 1-2 CENTS A YARD.

85 Ct Wool Serges

Reduced to  
35 Cents a Yard.  
Black Dress Goods Slaughtered  
My Fine Black Dress Goods will be  
sold for the next ten  
days at  
Your Own Figures.

The Prices in the

Lace Department

Have been cut in half. To  
SECURE BARGAINS IN LACES  
You must come at once, as they are  
being rapidly taken up.

PARASOLS!

Opened the season with the  
best and finest stock of

PARASOLS  
brought to Atlanta. The low-  
priced goods were naturally the  
to go. I have nothing on hand  
the very finest.

ome and take them away at  
own figures.

gains in every department at  
JOHN KEELY'S.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 8, 1888.

Pages 1 to 8.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

DRY GOODS.

THE BEE HIVE!  
Overwhelming Success of Our Great Mark-  
Down Sale Last Week!

Others complain of dull times, but our store is crowded every day, which  
shows that the people know where to get bargains!

STILL GREATER INDUCEMENTS FOR TOMORROW AND EVERY DAY THE COMING WEEK!

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!!  
Look at a few of the bargains for next week.  
Canvas Cloth, 22 inches wide, 20c; every thread pure wool.  
Henrietta finish Cashmere, 52 inches wide, 20c, regular price 50c.  
Drap d'Almas, 42 inches wide, 15c, worth 37 1/2c.  
Crown White, Albatross, 42 inches wide, 15c, sold all over the city at 50c.  
Sunah Sublime Cloth, 52 inches wide, in all the popular shades, 10c, worth 21c.  
Ladies, if you do not want a dress for present use it will pay you to buy one and put it away until you need it.

SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!  
The Bee Hive leads in silks, and others look on and wonder how we do it. Just think of a black crape  
silk, which we have pure silk and not to crack or break in wear, for 75c. That is the kind we  
give you at the Bee Hive.

Black Satin Rhodamas, beautiful quality and finish, 75c, worth 81c.  
Black Silks, 5c, 8c and upward.  
Black Satin Rhodamas at special prices.  
Black Fulle Silks, 5c, regular price 12 1/2c.  
For Monday only we shall offer our full line of Colored Satin Rhodamas at 75c, worth 81c.  
Remember, the price is good on Monday only.  
Triolette Silks 57 1/2c, very pretty for summer wear.  
India Silks, in light and dark shades, 75c.  
Check Fulle Silks, 50c, worth 75c. Sarah Silks in colors, 50c.

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!  
22 Remnants of Black Silk and Satin Rhodamas, ranging from 10 to 20 yards in length, at one-half  
their actual value. This is a rare opportunity to purchase a silk dress at a very low figure.  
We have a large and beautiful assortment of fancy China Silks. Will be found in our Art Department.  
So they must move. We offer the whole lot Monday morning at 15c worth from 20 to 50c. A few choice  
mulls at 10c.

WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS!  
We have just finished taking an inventory of our stock and we find too many high priced white goods  
So they must move. We offer the whole lot Monday morning at 15c worth from 20 to 50c. A few choice  
mulls at 10c.

GLOVES, GLOVES.  
Astonishing bargains in Kid Gloves for Monday. 50 dozen Ladies Embroidered Black Gloves with  
fancy welt, for Monday only, 5c and a handsome silver Glove Button given with each pair of gloves.  
All our 1/2 Kid Gloves now \$1.25. All our 3/4 Kid Gloves now \$1.50. Ladies' Lisle Thread Glove 10c. La-  
dies' Silk Gloves, black and colors, 20c. Ladies' Pure Silk Gloves 25c in black and colors.  
TRIMMINGS! TRIMMINGS! 300 Trimmings now \$1. Trims Trimmings now 75c old price \$1.25.  
Finest Knitting Loe, 15c and 25c per box.  
Silk fold finishing, in twelve different shades, 15c, worth 35c.

LACES, LACES, LACES.  
Our trade in Black Lace Shirtings this season has been immense, and we have accumulated a large lot  
of remnants. We shall place these on sale Monday morning at such prices as will insure their immediate  
sale.

Chantilly Lace Shirtings 75c, 87 1/2c and \$1.00.  
All our fine Laces now \$1.50, former price \$2.00 and \$7.00.  
Black Chantilly Laces, 12, 12 1/2, worth double the price.  
Hand-run Cream Spanish Lace, five inches wide, 35c, worth \$1.00.  
Irish Point Lace 25c.  
120 pieces of Larchon Lace reduced to 5, 8 and 10c, for Monday only.

HOSIERY, HOSIERY.  
Stupendous bargains in Hosiery.  
20 dozen Ladies Full Fashioned Hosiery now 12 1/2c.  
50 dozen Ladies' Black Hosiery, full regular, 25c, worth 50c.  
Ladies' Fine Pin Stripe Hose 15c, former price 50c.  
Heinrich Schott's Raven Black Plain Hose, warranted fast colors, 25c, worth 50c.  
50 dozen Ladies' Pure Silk Hose 10c, would be cheap at 75c.  
100 dozen Men's Black Hosiery, full regular, 10c.  
40 dozen Gents' Half Hose, Tan and Mode colors, will not stain or crack, 25c, worth 50c.  
30 dozen Gents' Half Hose, Lisle Half Hose, with French ribbed top, 25c.  
20 dozen Gents' Half Hose, with French ribbed leg, 30c, worth 50c.  
We beat the world on Hosiery. Call and see.

Handkerchiefs, Handkerchiefs.  
150 dozen Ladies' Fine quality, Colored Border, Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 10c.  
50 dozen Ladies' White and Colored Border Handkerchiefs, very fine and sheer, 12 1/2c.  
30 dozen Ladies' White Hemstitched initial Handkerchiefs, 12 1/2c, worth 35c.  
Lace Stripes several sizes, only a limited quantity at such customer.  
One case Ser-  
One case very  
quality Ser-  
Best grade of  
Chantilly 8 1/2c. Fulle white Crochet Gaiters 50c. Bleached Damask 40c, worth 75c.

ART EMBROIDERIES.  
We keep a full line of embroidery material. Constantly on hand all kinds of stamped linens, fancy  
tissues, felts, silks and everything wanted in the way of embroidery. Stamping done at short notice.  
Embroidery of all kinds done to order. Zephyr 5c up.  
The Bee Hive gets there every time on low prices, and the people who patronize this great trading re-  
sort are happy.

SUMMER RESORTS.  
THE FINEST BEACH IN THE WHOLE WORLD.  
STOCKTON HOTEL, CAPE MAY, N. J.  
NEW OWNERSHIP, NEW MANAGEMENT, NEWLY FURNISHED.  
PERFECT APPOINTMENTS. POPULAR PRICES.  
F. THEO. WALTON, Proprietor, Late of St. James Hotel, New York.

TALLULAH FALLS,  
The Niagara of the South. The Season is Now Open  
THIS UNIQUE hotel, situated  
in immediately the  
of Tallulah, requires  
comment here. Suffice  
it to say that the cas-  
sine is unsurpassed. The  
crystal fountains and on-  
tasty running spring water  
on every floor. Its French  
chef and steward, Mons.  
Scheffeld, late of Washing-  
ton, alone a guarantee that  
the table is supplied with  
every delicacy possible. A  
band of music is attached to  
the house. The resident  
physician and surgeon, Dr.  
Percy N. de Dubouay, a  
fellow of the Royal College  
of Surgeons, and a member  
of the Royal Medical Society  
of England, etc.

HOTEL ROBINSON,  
The Most Complete Hotel at the Falls  
T. A. ROBINSON, Prop'r, Tallulah, Ga.  
B. F. LAWTON, President. HOWARD M. SMITH, Secretary.  
THE GUARANTEE CO. OF GEORGIA.  
CAPITAL STOCK \$50,000.00.  
new thoroughly organized and equipped to carry on a general guarantee business. Bonds of suretyship  
issued to employers of banks, railroads, transportation companies and mercantile firms, and to parties  
occupying positions of public and private trust, such as administrators, executors, guardians, etc. Also  
loans upon improved real estate guaranteed.

MURRAY HALL  
J. G. CHRISTOPHER, Prop'r.  
Florida's Summer & Winter Resort  
on the Atlantic Coast.  
12 Miles from Jacksonville.  
ONLY FOURTEEN (14) HOURS' RIDE FROM ATLANTA.  
Thermometer at 5 p. m. last July averaged 80 degrees; nights very cool.  
Rates—Per day, \$2.00; per week, \$14.00 and \$17.50, or \$25.00 and \$35.00 for two persons occupying same  
room.  
Forty miles of the finest beach in the world.  
June 1—10th su  
A. G. MORGAN,  
Of Kentucky, Manager.

CARPETS, CARPETS.

CARPETS! CARPETS!!

Annual Midsummer Clearance Sale of Carpets

Begins Tomorrow and we Announce the Most Extraordinary  
LOW PRICES ON CARPETS!

that we have yet made. During the last six months we have accumulat-  
ed more goods than we can carry, with the additional stock bought by  
our Mr. E. Rich in Europe, and which will begin to arrive about August  
1st. We are, therefore, compelled to make room and have cut down  
the prices on our present stock to about nothing.

This will be an unparalleled Clearance Sale of the stock of Carpets  
on hand. Those who come early will be first served and will secure un-  
qualified bargains in Carpets, Rugs and Matings.

BRING THIS "DEADLY PARALLEL" WITH YOU:  
2,500 yards Hemp Carpet at 12 1/2 cents, worth 15c.  
2,000 yards New York Ingrains at 15 cents,  
worth 25c.  
1,500 yards 2-Ply Ingrain Carpet at 35 cents,  
worth 50c.  
2,000 yards 2-Ply Ingrain Carpet at 40 cents,  
worth 60c.  
2,000 yards 2-Ply Ingrain Carpet at 50 cents,  
worth 70c.  
50 rolls Tapestry Brussels at 60 cents, worth  
75c.  
60 rolls Tapestry Brussels at 75 cents, worth  
100c.  
16 patterns Velvet Carpet at \$1.00, worth  
\$1.25.  
100 short lengths Fine Body Brussels and Bor-  
ders enough for one room each, to be  
closed out at cost.  
50 rolls Full Extra Super. Ingrain Carpets,  
beautiful styles, at 60 cents per yard.

Our Mr. E. Rich has just returned from Europe and his very extensive  
purchases of carpets will soon arrive at our custom house. We will there-  
fore close out our present stock of Crossley's 6-4 English Wilton Velvet  
and Tapestry Brussels at cost to make room for the new goods.

Crossley & Sons' Prices for this special sale will be \$2.50 per yard for the double width velvet.  
English Carpets. Prices for this special sale will be \$1.00 per yard for the double width Brussels.

--SPECIAL!--  
Beautiful Velvet Hearth Rugs at \$1.25 Each.

Reduced prices throughout our Carpet Department on all Carpets, Mat-  
tings, Curtains, Draperies, Shades, etc.

The Leaders of the Carpet Trade,  
M. RICH & BROS.

LUMBER!

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS

MANTELS, MOULDINGS, SCROLL WORK, NEWEL BALUSTERS, RAILS, WINDOW  
GLASS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, ETC.  
REMEMBER, I MANUFACTURE MY OWN GOODS, AND AM HEADQUARTERS  
FOR ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIAL. WRITE FOR ESTIMATES.

W. L. TRAYNHAM  
74 Decatur St., ATLANTA, GA.

UNRIVALED SEASIDE RESORT.

Hugeia Hotel,  
Old Point Comfort, VIRGINIA.  
FOUNDER: FORTRESS, MARYLENE.

Unsurpassed in appointments, table and general attention. Good sailing, fishing and driving. Safe  
and most delightful surf bathing on the coast.  
Must twice a year by one of the best bands in the country. Nightly hops. Frequent Germans and balls  
Presence of the North Atlantic squadron of war ships, naval and army inspections, sham battles, can-  
non and rifle target practice, etc., to be a feature of the present summer. Chesapeake Bay and Hampton  
Roads, from the hotel, presents one of the most magnificent marine views in the world.  
Terms: \$3.00 per day, \$17.50 per week, \$60.00 per month and upward.  
No malaria, no hay fever, no overexcitement. Always a cool breeze at evening from the sea.  
Send for descriptive pamphlet.  
may 2—22m wed sun

Public Schools---Coal.

SEALED BIDS ARE INVITED FOR 800 TONS  
of first quality lump coal, also for round lump  
or stored size coal of same quality as lump coal, the  
same to be delivered in the Coal houses of several  
public schools of Atlanta during the month of July.  
Bids to be opened July 10, 12 o'clock. By order of  
committee on supplies. Address bids to  
W. C. SEATON,  
Sec. B'd of Ed.

Notice to Contractors.

NEWMAN, GA., July 5, 1888.  
Sealed proposals will be received by the under-  
signed until Tuesday, July 17th, 1888, for the erec-  
tion of a two-story brick building for the Newman  
Public school.  
Material, labor, etc., to be furnished by contractor.  
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of  
Bruce & Morgan, architects, Atlanta, Ga., or by  
calling upon the building committee at the store of  
Orz. Kirby & Co., Newnan, Ga. The committee re-  
serve the right to reject any and all bids.  
T. N. ORR, Sec. B'd of Ed.  
R. W. ANDREWS, W. C. SEATON,  
J. T. CARPENTER, Building Committee.

JUDICIOUS AND PERSISTENT  
Advertising has always proven  
successful. Before placing any  
Newspaper Advertising consult  
LORD & THOMAS,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
45 to 50 Randolph Street, CHICAGO.

CLOTHING.

James A. Anderson & Co.



PLEASANT NEWS

Working Men,  
Business Men,  
Professional Men.

A Drop in Prices.

Great Bargains

Boys' and Children's Suits.

Underwear Down! Neckwear Down!

ALL DOWN.  
Come and See Us.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,  
41 Whitehall St.

R. C. BLACK,

35 Whitehall St.,

Boots, Shoes

SLIPPERS

A BIG FORTUNE

4250 Acres of Land

Will be given in exchange for Atlanta property  
One of the finest Savannah river plantations in  
Barnwell county, South Carolina, containing 2,000  
acres of cleared land; 400 acres in bermuda grass;  
300 acres in virgin cane; 1,500 acres in hard wood  
forest, running along the banks of the Savannah  
river for five miles. The undergrowth of this  
forest is southern cane. The place has on it seven  
thousand settlements. If desired to use as a pasture 1,000  
head of cattle could be grazed winter and summer;  
or, if for farming purposes, 100 plows could be run  
profitably.  
The hard wood and cypress along the river—not  
one stick of which has ever been cut—is worth  
thousands of dollars.  
I do not wish to be troubled with letters and in-  
quiries from curiosity seekers, but only from those  
who mean business. For further particulars address  
E. G. WILLINGHAM,  
(Of Willingham & Co.)  
sun wed 64 Elliott Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Public Schools---Coal.

SEALED BIDS ARE INVITED FOR 800 TONS  
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45 to 50 Randolph Street, CHICAGO.







SUMMER RESORTS.

# THE SPECIAL SUMMER EXPRESS —BY— EAST TENNESSEE LINE —TO— EAST TENNESSEE RESORTS!

## What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings, which cause painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet, which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimple, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla  
Sold by all druggists. 51; six for \$5. Prepared only  
by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.  
100 Doses One Dollar



### THE ORIGIN OF BEER.

In a jolly field of barley good King Gambrinus slept,  
And dreaming of his thirsty realm the merry monarch wept.  
"In all my land of Netherland there grows no malt for wine,  
And water I could never coax adown this throat of mine."

"Now list to me, ye heathen gods, and eke, ye Christians, too,  
Both Zernecock and Jupiter, and Mary, clad in blue;  
And mighty Thor, the Thunderer, and any else that be,  
The one who aids me in my need his servant I will be."

And as the sinful heathen all in the barley lay,  
There came in dreams an angel bright, who said these words did say:  
"Arise, thou poor Gambrinus, for even all around  
In the barley where thou sleepest a nectar may be found."

"In the barley where thou sleepest there hides a nectar clear,  
Which men shall know in later times as porter, ale or beer."  
Then in terms the most explicit he "put the monarch through,"  
And gave him ere the dawn was out the recipe to brew.

Uprose King Gambrinus and shook him in the sun;  
"Away, ye wretched heathen gods, with you I'm quit and done!  
Ye've left me with my subjects in error and in thirst;  
Till in our dreadful dryness we scarce know which is worst."

It was the good Gambrinus unto his palace went,  
And messengers through all the land unto his lords were sent.  
"Leave Odin, under pain of death!" His orders were severe,  
Yet touched with mildness—for he sent the recipe for beer.

The TANNHAEUSER BEER is a Special Brewing of the BERGNER & ENGEL BREWING COMPANY, and unquestionably the Finest Light Beer extant. It is brewed from the finest Pale Canada West Barley Malt and Saazer Hops, and highly recommended for its tonic and nutritive qualities.

### ELEGANTLY PACKED FOR FAMILY USE.

The high reputation enjoyed by the Bergner & Engel Company is due to the fact that only the Finest and Best Materials are used and that the greatest skill and care are exercised during its manufacture.

THE  
**Bergner & Engel**  
BREWING CO.  
PHILADELPHIA.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, Agent

21 and 23 Decatur St.

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

Foreign and Domestic Liquors

It is purely a Medicine as its cathartic properties forbid its use as a beverage. It is pleasant to the taste, and as easily taken by children as adults.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO. Sole Proprietors, ST. LOUIS AND KANSAS CITY

It is purely a Medicine as its cathartic properties forbid its use as a beverage. It is pleasant to the taste, and as easily taken by children as adults.

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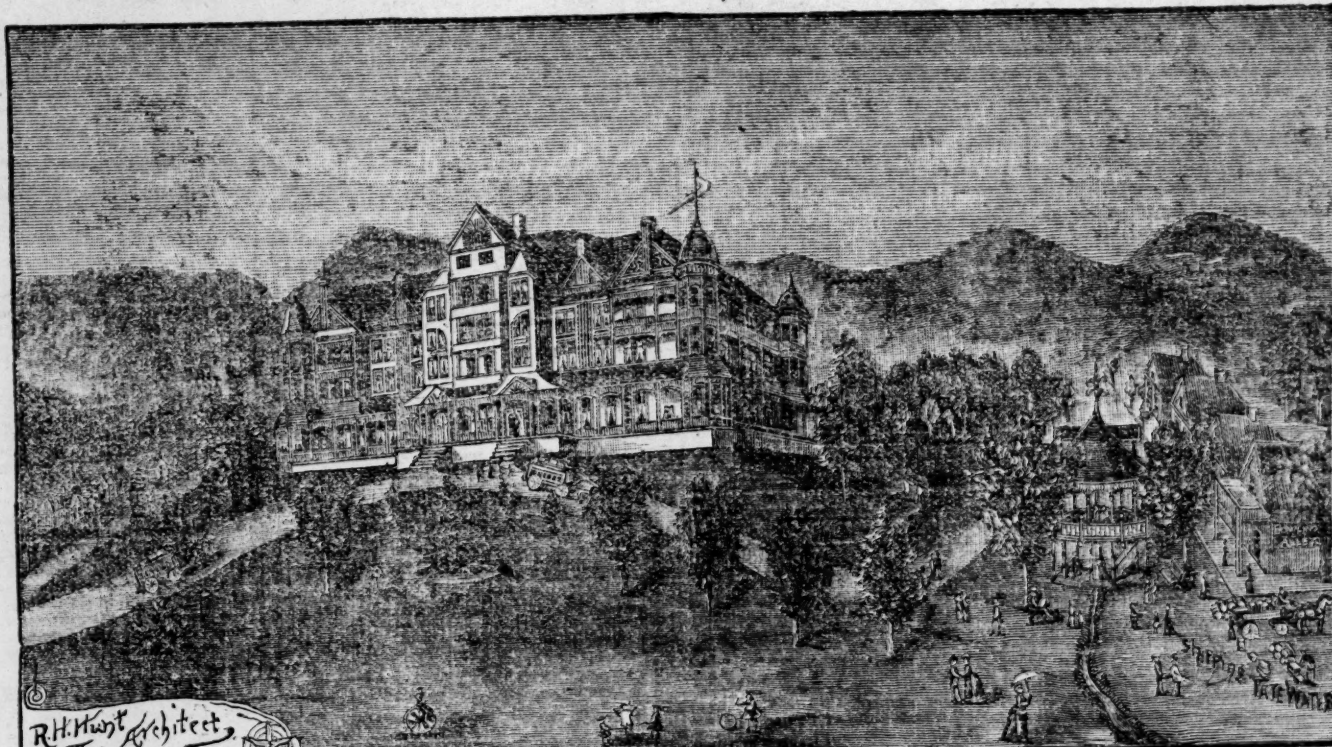
PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO. Sole Proprietors, ST. LOUIS AND KANSAS CITY

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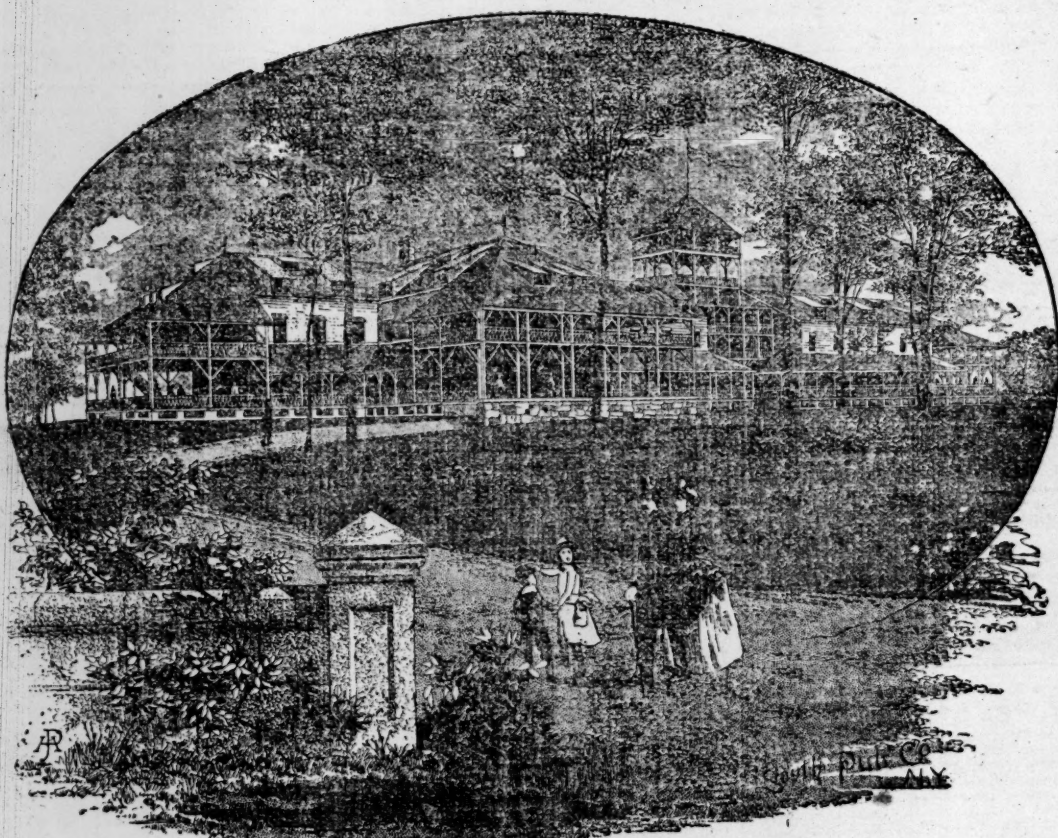
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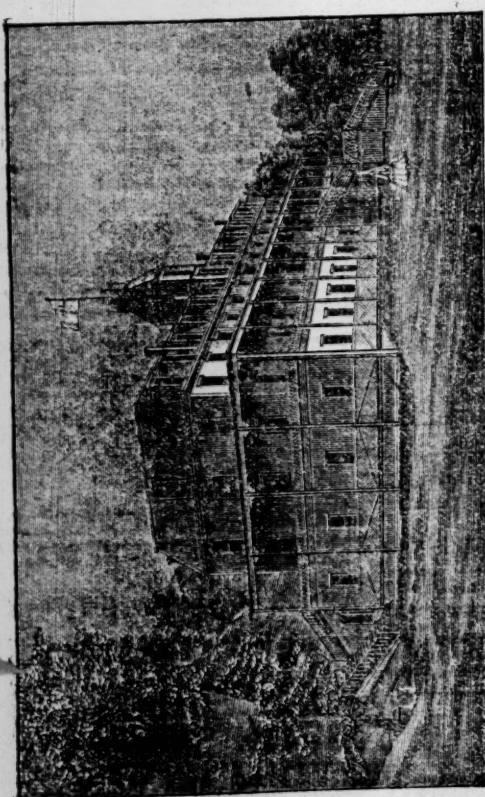
MONTVALE SPRINGS HOTEL, TENNESSEE.



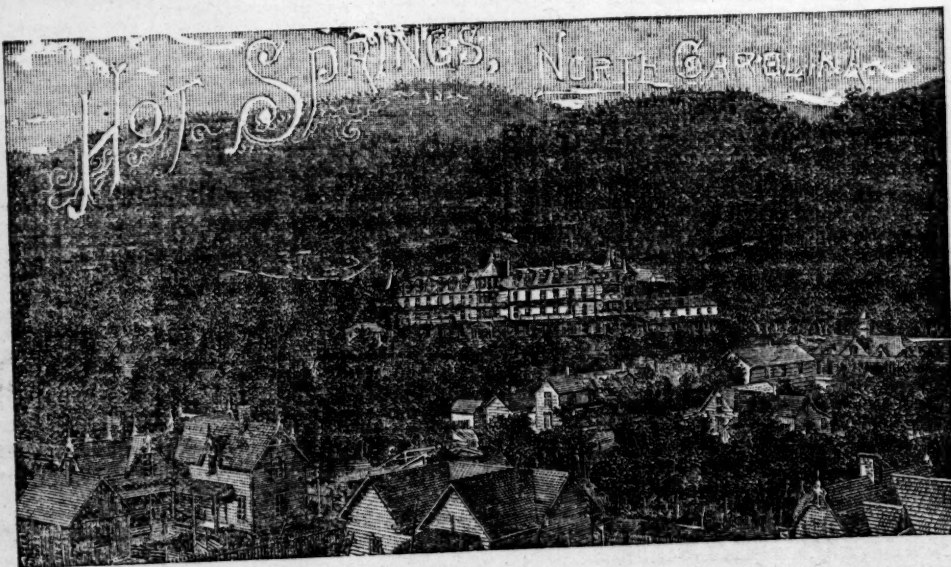
NEW HOTEL, TATE SPRING, TENNESSEE.



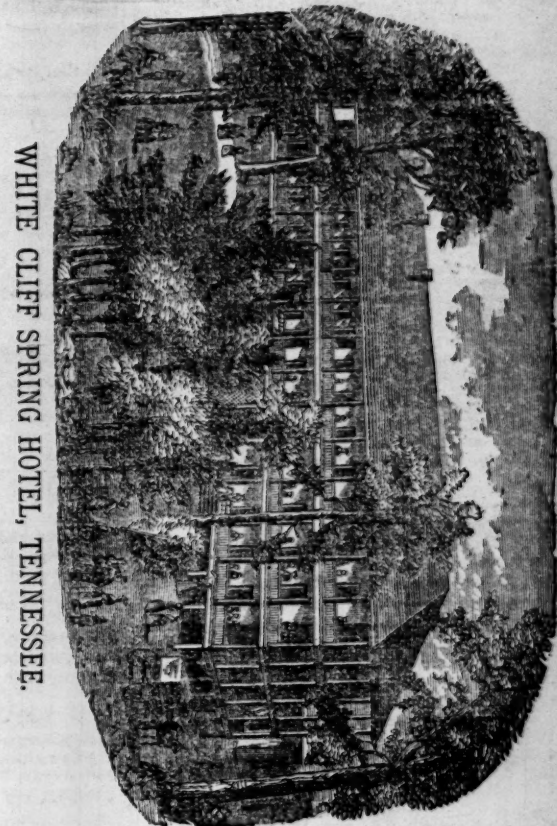
MONTE SANO, NEAR HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA.



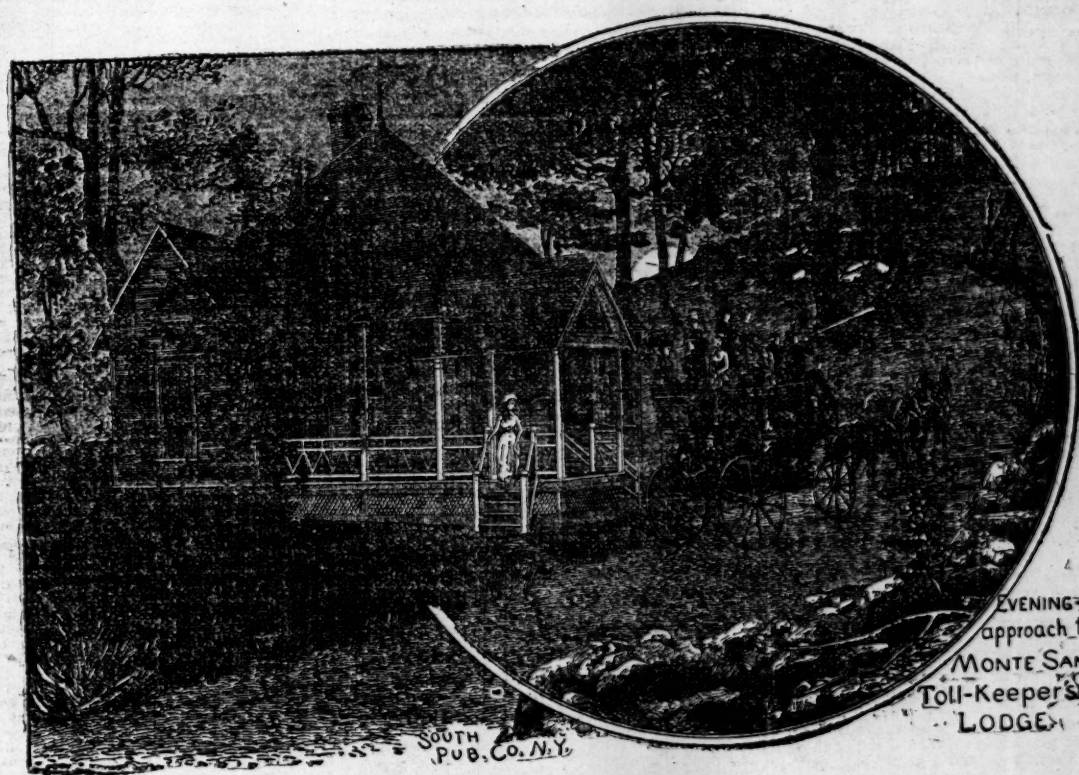
ALLEGHANY SPRINGS HOTEL, TENNESSEE.



NEW HUNTSVILLE HOTEL.



WHITE CLIFF SPRING HOTEL, TENNESSEE.



MONTE SANO, ALABAMA.

## TIME CARD BY SPECIAL SUMMER EXPRESS

—BY—  
East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Ry.

Leave Macon daily	6 30 pm	3 30 am
Leave Atlanta daily	10 25 pm	7 00 am
Leave Rome daily	1 30 am	9 55 am
Arrive Cleveland daily	4 00 am	12 05 n'n
Arrive Knoxville daily	7 00 am	3 00 pm
Arrive Morristown daily	8 25 am	4 30 pm
Arrive Hot Springs daily	10 30 am	6 30 pm
Arrive Asheville daily	12 16 n'n	8 46 pm

Sleeping Cars leave Macon 6:30 p. m. daily for Hot Springs without change, and from Atlanta at 10:25 p. m.

Leave Macon daily	6 30 pm	3 30 am
Leave Atlanta daily	10 25 pm	12 55 n'n
Arrive Chattanooga	5 40 am	6 50 pm
Leave Chattanooga	9 35 am	10 30 pm

Pullman Sleeping Cars Atlanta to Chattanooga, and Chattanooga to Huntsville.

Close connection at Morristown with hacks for Tate's, at Mascotte for Lea's, and at Huntsville for Monte Sano.

Excursion tickets now on sale at East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia offices.

B. W. WRENN,  
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent.  
L. J. ELLIS, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

POST OFFICE ADDRESS, Lea's Springs, Grainger County, E. Tennessee.







Of the Confederate Forces that  
Were Engaged.

[illegible]



















# The Mexicans

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This Week,

July 9 to 16.

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\$250,000.

Loss by Fire in New York Yesterday.

CENTURY BUILDING ON FIRE.

Hotel Guests Fired from Their Rooms in the Everett House.

New York, July 8.—Smoke and flames poured out of the windows of the brick building on Eighth street, between Broadway and Fourth avenue, shortly after midnight. The third alarm was sent out and guests of the Everett house, next door, were ordered to leave their rooms.

The burned building forms the rear of what is known as the Century building, as it is the Century Magazine is published there. The fire started in the top floor of No. 38 to 46 East Eighth street, G. W. Alexander occupied as a book bindery. The fire was got under control at 1:30 a. m. The whole upper floor, extending from street to street, was burned out, the rest of the building, including all of the fifth floor, occupied by the Century Magazine company, was deluged with water.

Most of the 100 guests of the Everett house left the building, after hurriedly dressing, and took other quarters. Mr. Wilson, in consequence of the fire escape at the Everett house with his wife and child, fractured his leg. There was no other casualty.

The first floor was occupied by Johnston & Faulkner, upholsterers goods; the second floor, on the Seventeenth street side, was occupied by Thos. Nelson & Sons, publishers and importers of the Oxford Bible and prayer book; the eighteenth street side was occupied by Worthington & Smith, millinery goods; the third floor was occupied by Thos. Nelson & Sons; the fourth floor by Earl & Wilson, collars and cuff manufacturers; the fifth by the Century Magazine company, and the sixth by George W. Alexander, book binder. There was great excitement in Union square, and large crowds gathered in spite of the late hour.

Among the guests at the Everett house, which adjoins the burning building and was a two lot for occupancy, were Joseph, the pianist, and Rev. Mr. Carter, from Honolulu. The Everett house was not burned. It is about three stories lower than the building burned, and the firemen did most of their work from the roof of the Everett house. The flames broke through into the fifth floor of the Century publishing department, and then burst through the roof. A good deal of damage was done by water. The fire was practically out by three o'clock this morning and order was restored. In Alexander's rooms there were boxes of papers stored, and the fire is thought to have had its origin among these. The watchman who had charge of the building, said he passed through the flames ten minutes before the flames were discovered. He failed to detect anything wrong.

The losses are estimated at \$250,000, principally by water, and fully \$50,000. The upper floors and roof of the building were damaged to the extent of \$20,000.

Occupants and their losses are as follows:

First floor and basement, Johnston & Faulkner, dealers in upholstery and fine decorations, \$85,000.

Second floor, Worthington, Smith & Co., importers of flowers and domestic millinery, \$22,000.

Third floor, Thos. Nelson & Sons, publishers and importers of prayer books and Bibles, \$15,000.

Fourth floor, Earl & Wilson, Troy Manufacturing company, \$75,000.

Fifth floor, Century Publishing company, \$10,000.

Sixth floor, G. W. Alexander, book bindery, \$30,000.

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## THIS FAMOUS BAND

had one week's engagement at Toledo, Ohio and the people there were so delighted that they offered to pay the Chautauqua a premium to cancel the engagement and give Toledo another week.

BUT CHAUTAUQUA WILL HAVE

Them, Beginning Tomorrow.

The Mexican Band

will give two concerts each day—afternoon and evening. The programmes will be printed day by day.

ST. SIMONS' ENCAMPMENT.

The Arrangements for the Soldiers to Meet by the Sea.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., July 7.—[Special.]—There is now no doubt but that the encampment on St. Simons island will be a great success. Ten acres of the island were presented to the state for the purpose of an encampment ground. At the suggestion of the Brunswick Rifles' captain, John Kell, adjutant general, ordered an encampment for two weeks, beginning on the 12th of July. The railroads have given a rate of one cent a mile both ways to companies of twenty-five or over, while individuals may make the journey on one fare. The East Tennessee road is making special efforts to render the occasion successful. Among the companies which will be there are the Columbus Grays, Floyd Rifles, of Macon; Elberton Light Infantry, Gainesville Blues, Atlanta Zouaves, Gate City Guards, detachment from Rome, the Clarke Infantry, Augusta, and others.

SHE IS DEAD.

The Woman that was Shot for Picking Blackberries.

Evie Ivy, the negro woman that was shot while picking blackberries on the farm of a negro named Clark Wilson, about two weeks ago, is dead. The funeral was held Friday under the direction of Judge Horton.

The jury found a verdict that deceased came to her death from a pistol shot wound, the pistol being in the hand of Clark Wilson.

The death of the woman makes the case against Wilson more serious than ever. He takes the matter coolly, still declares that the shooting was done in self defense as the woman was trying to strike him with a rock.

THROUGH THE CITY.

In the fall many young men will come to Atlanta from every part of the state to attend the school of technology. Private families desiring to accommodate them with board would do well to read the card from President Hopkins in this issue.

Messrs. Sciple sons are enterprising young men who carry on a large trade and dispatch business with an easy cash and a luxury. They have recently erected one of the largest warehouses in the city. It has a lot of space on the Central railroad, of over 300 feet and extends through from Castlerey to Fair street. They have now the finest facilities for handling coal, lime and every thing that they like. Yes, these young men are a success, and Atlanta would be better off if she had more like them.

Mr. Frank West, who has been for the past three months in California, writes to his father from Los Angeles, that California will most likely go democratic this fall. Frank is a close observer, and he says General Harrison's position on the Chinese question is almost sure to lose him the golden state. He also writes that the California election is a close one, and that he expects to return to Atlanta by the 1st of August and will resume his position with Messrs. S. M. Inman & Co. September 1st.

The Hon. Primus Jones, who gets there with the first of the watermelon crop, the biggest and sweetest watermelons in the state will be re-elected to the legislature from Baker county. Yesterday he shipped to Atlanta a lot of watermelons, and the fire is thought to have had its origin among these. The watchman who had charge of the building, said he passed through the flames ten minutes before the flames were discovered. He failed to detect anything wrong.

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**THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION**  
(Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, post-paid, for \$1.25 a year, or for \$1.00 in clubs of five or more. Address all letters to THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Georgia.

**J. J. Flynn, General Eastern Agent,**  
Park Row, New York City.

ATLANTA, GA., JULY 8, 1888.

Atlanta as a Show Battle Ground.

The New York Herald wonders why a battle so unsatisfactory as Gettysburg should be made the great show battle of the civil war, and suggests that Vicksburg would answer the purpose better.

This leads us to ask what is the matter with Atlanta? We had a regular bouquet of battles here, with a remarkable siege of forty-two days. If a battle-ground for national show purposes is wanted, the government or parties interested should come down here and restore some of the old forts and breastworks.

A reunion of the blue and the gray on this historic spot would bring to Atlanta more veterans than have ever been seen together on a similar occasion.

CHAMBERS, of Mississippi, who was such a red-hot democrat that he became a republican, will run for congress in his old district. He will, no doubt, be left at home.

Georgia Bonds and Georgia Credits.

A few years ago when Fred Wolfe, of New York, bought three millions of Georgia four and a half per cent bonds for 100-5-16, it was thought that the transaction was the highest evidence of Georgia's standing in the financial world, and so it was; but the recent sale of four and a half per cent bonds to the New York Mutual Insurance Company is still better evidence of the financial standing of the state.

The price paid for these bonds is nearly four per cent higher than the price paid by Fred Wolfe three years ago. The Wolfe transaction, it will be remembered, excited the ire of Henry Clews, who manipulated the bogus bonds of the state when the republicans were in charge of affairs; and that shrewd financier made a desperate effort to depreciate the new bonds.

His effort was a failure, notwithstanding the fact that he had the aid of several disreputable firms on Wall street, as well as the sympathy of several prominent newspapers who appear to sympathize with his methods. In spite of Clews and in spite of Wall street, the credit of Georgia is higher today than it ever was before.

The successful placing of these bonds at such figures, while it is an evidence of the high standing of the state, is also an evidence of the careful management of the financial affairs of Georgia that has characterized Governor Gordon's administration.

The republicans are trying to prove that Harrison should be elected because his grandfather was president. This theory doesn't hold good in the North American republic.

Look to the Main Point.

The Southern Alliance, in an able article headed "Look to the Main Point," discusses the question of the relation of the Farmers' Alliance to politics, and makes some very sensible suggestions. The truth is beyond controversy that the farmers have not devoted that attention to politics since the war which the importance of the matter to them, as a class, demands.

It was all very well before the war, when most of the farmers owned their labor and land, and the discussion of economic questions should be left to the professional politician. The farmer was then independent, and if tight times came on him he could sell a negro or two and relieve himself of the pressure. Money was easy to obtain at a reasonable rate of interest, and it was a very sorry man who could not borrow all he wanted in his own neighborhood at seven per cent. This has all changed by the war, and the Southern Alliance puts the case strongly as follows:

Now, when the agricultural people come to look at federal affairs, what is the outlook? The United States banks are debared from taking security on land. This about means that there is not an acre of American land worth "an American dollar" in American legislation. As all banks exchange collateral, or may be forced to do so at a rate of currency at a pinch, it has naturally come to pass that "farmers' notes" are tabooed in banking circles.

This drives them to obtain means to run their business at great disadvantage. Our commission says this means about 50 per cent per month on all time purchases. No other business on earth could stand such a drain, for even a short time, had agriculture had stood it for years.

It could have added also that money can be obtained in the trade centers for anything on collateral (provided the collateral are not farming lands) on ninety days time; and that for a longer time, which is absolutely necessary for the farmer, there must be the intervention of the commission men, which doubles the rate of interest, and even at this high rate the farmer can only obtain a loan on one-third of the assessed value of his land.

This state of affairs has existed for twenty-five years without any interruption, and there seems to be no probability of its interruption. Therefore we do not hesitate to say that if the farmers fail to take hold of this subject with firmness and determination then they will deserve to be the perpetual victims of such oppression.

THE CONSTITUTION desires it distinctly understood that it deems it to be the duty of the farmers to look after their interests in political matters. The southern farmers have been imposed upon in every conceivable way since the war. They have furnished the music for the demagogue and the tricksters long enough, and it is high time that some one else should fiddle while they dance. No class of people in the world would have submitted as tamely to be robbed of sixty million dollars as the southern farmer was by the iniquitous cotton tax. An insidious attempt is now on foot to scalp cotton seed in the same way and by the same process. Millions and millions of dollars are lost year by year by the southern farmer for lack of opportunity to procure money at a reasonable rate of interest.

Let any farmer think what he could do if he could get money on his land at a fair valuation of six per cent per annum. The merchant gets it on these terms. So does the railroad builder; and any man that can

take a thousand dollars of watered stock to Wall street can borrow money within ten per cent of its market value, at six percent. This is the reason everybody wants to speculate in stocks and nobody wants to buy farming lands. This is the reason why some men are now worth ten, twenty, fifty and a hundred million dollars. This is the reason why, whenever we start any enterprise in the south requiring money and the issue of bonds and stocks we have to run up to Wall street and pay toll, some ten, some fifteen, and some fifty per cent.

Cheap money on real estate security would solve many of the doubtful problems submitted to the southern farmers. It would enhance the value of the land, diversify industries, develop resources now idle, and make our farmers happy and prosperous. Let the Farmers' Alliance all over the land take hold of this question and push it, and let them refuse to vote for any man for any office who will not aid them in their efforts to secure equality with other classes in this most important matter.

It is stated that the democrats propose to make Indianapolis the headquarters of their national committee. This is a good idea. Indiana is a very important state in this campaign, and the democrats ought to carry it.

An Interesting Chapter of History.  
General Thomas Jordan's article on the battle of Shiloh, which appears elsewhere in this issue, is a valuable contribution to our war literature.

The general's views concerning the alleged "lost opportunity" of General Beauregard in the fight are presented so clearly and forcibly that they will carry conviction to the minds of many readers. Shiloh was a battle of great historic interest, and General Jordan's position as the confederate chief of staff on that occasion lends weight to what he has to say.

Your Uncle Johnny New, of Indianapolis, is doing his level best to scrape the heathen Chinese off of Harrison's record; but the Mongolian holds on with the grip of a giant.

The Season of the Watermelon.

Now, while the weather is warm, quite warm-hot, in fact—it is in order for perspiring newspaper men to wipe their pimpled foreheads with a red bandana and advise their readers to keep cool. This advice has been curtailed to some extent since it was invented in Putnam county in 1840, just previous to the Harrison freshest. In Putnam when the midsummer sun curled the shingles on the roof and blistered the paint on the walls, the advice was "keep cool; sit in the shade and eat a watermelon."

There could be no better advice than this, and we are reminded of it by an article in the Albany News and Advertiser, describing watermelon day in that thrifty city, and how the editor was hummed in and penned up with mammoth specimens of this delicious fruit. The attack was so violent that the editor, in self defense, was compelled to announce that Albany is not only the largest melon market, but the market for the largest melons.

The engagement, as we learn, from our esteemed contemporary, opened early on the morning of Thursday. A melon weighing 63 pounds was sent to the editor by Mr. J. R. Forrester. This melon, after due deliberation, was forwarded to Mrs. Grover Cleveland, with the compliments of the municipality of Albany. It was not long before another wagon load of melons from the plantation of Mr. Reuben Jones (a brother to Primus) made its appearance on the scene. These melons averaged in weight 60 pounds, and one weighing 66 pounds was forwarded to Mrs. Cleveland. One was also marked for the editor of the News and Advertiser.

A little later in the day a team of six oxen drawing a wagon load of melons from the plantation of Primus Jones arrived in Albany. There were 34 melons in this load, and they averaged 55 pounds. Of this lot, a 61 pounder was sent to the happy editor.

We judge from all this that Albany is a pleasant town to live in, and that it is a good thing, even for the first lady in the land to be remembered by the patriotic Albanians. But how many people in Albany, or outside of it for that matter, know how to eat a watermelon? But for the truant school boy, and memories of him, the art would perish from the face of the earth. A watermelon, even though it be a 60 pounder, is not intended to be devoured in public, nor is one watermelon, no matter what its weight may be, more than enough for one healthy person.

This fact is probably well known to every country school boy. The art of eating a watermelon and keeping cool is as simple now as it was in the days of long ago. The rind should be slit with a short bladed knife, so that when the melon is divided the heart of it shall rest in one of the halves in one luscious, juicy lump. The knife should then be carefully wiped and then put in the pocket. Then the coat should be taken off, and the sleeves rolled up. Plunge the right hand under one end of the heart and the left under the other; lift the dripping mass to the mouth and fall to. The juice will trickle down your arms and saturate your face, but what of it? There is plenty and to spare, though the feast is the rarest to be found on earth.

Brother Editor, of Albany, we salute you! Reuben and Primus Jones, we envy you!

The Indianapolis Journal is not pleased with the proposition of northern colored voters to hold a convention for the purpose of deciding which party they shall support. The Journal suggests that "the atmosphere of Indianapolis is not conducive to the hatching of any scheme for alienating the negroes from the party." This seems to be in the nature of a very broad hint.

Benefits of Cheap Passenger Rates.  
The interview, published in another column, with Mr. Joseph M. Brown, the general passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, will interest all classes of our readers, and will supply railroad men with more food for thought than can be easily digested.

A glance at the facts and figures presented by Mr. Brown will convince any unprejudiced mind that the reduction of railway passenger fares brings increased business and increased revenues. The Western and Atlantic has tried the experiment four months—long enough to take it out of the experimental stage—long enough

to prove that the novelty of the thing is not the cause of its rush of business.

The reduction made by the road averaged about twenty per cent on the tickets covering most of the travel. The increase in travel since then has been more than forty per cent. Nor has this increase been confined to the month when the experiment was first tried. The business for each succeeding month has shown a heavy increase.

Another point is somewhat startling. It appears that the increase in travel is not in proportion to the density of population. The Western and Atlantic's experience shows that there has been a wonderful increase in travel in the most sparsely settled localities on its line. At McDaniel's station, for instance, with a population of less than twenty, 575 tickets have been sold during the last four months, as against forty-one tickets for the corresponding four months of last year. All this has been done without increasing the number of trains, and without adding to the expenses of the road.

We feel inclined to agree with Mr. Brown that the results achieved by his new departure settle it beyond question that cheap passenger rates tend to develop the country, and benefit both the people and the railroads. With the array of statistics before us it is impossible to come to any other conclusion, for it would be absurd to suppose that the Western and Atlantic, and the country through which it passes, are in the nature of exceptions to the general rule.

When Mr. Brown took this matter into consideration, several months ago, he looked into the situation and made his estimates. Then he submitted his plan with its reasons for adoption to the lessees, Senator Brown, the president of the road, has for many months been busily engaged with his duties in Washington, but while he was securing appropriations for our rivers and harbors, and attending to other affairs of public importance, he did not lose sight of the material interests of any section of the state. He was favorably impressed with the proposed reduction of rates, and after a thorough discussion of the points involved the president and his associates heartily endorsed the bold innovation recommended by their general passenger agent, and throughout the experiment they have given them their efficient co-operation. That they are satisfied with the result goes without saying.

It is more than likely that the example of the Western and Atlantic will be followed by other railroads. We believe that they will find it to their interest to give the public cheap passenger rates. That helpful and suggestive little periodical, the Writer, announces that it has a literary bureau with standing orders for short stories not to exceed 2,000 words, and for stories of 6,000 words for which good prices will be paid, and that the demand for exceeds the supply. Information of this sort should be widely disseminated. An entertaining article on Mrs. Anna Katherine Green is authority for the statement that Chief Justice Waite declared "The Leavenworth Case" to be the greatest work ever written by a woman. It was the legal mind that spoke. "Hints to Letter Writers" says that a square envelope is anathema maranatha to the postoffice clerks, and square envelopes are the fashion, alas!

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NOTHING IS EASIER THAN to make positive assertions, and in every twenty-four hours the man who makes them, simply by asking the questions. The other day General Fisk, the prohibition candidate for president, said of the "He is supreme in the national congress, and makes the laws, and makes the money, and makes the government of justice, and makes the laws of the land and legislatures his hickies."

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Just for the fun of the thing the New York Sun asks these questions:

"What law has been made by the supreme saloon in the country's capital?"  
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LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Meaning of Chattanooga.

DALLAS, Ga., July 6.—Editors Constitution: In your issue of July 5th a correspondent asked the meaning of the Indian word Chattanooga, and you answered a "foggy place." This answer may be right; for I have been misinformed. I asked a gentleman from Chattanooga county a few weeks ago about the word and he told me it meant saddle bags. He said the county was named from the lake, which was so named by the Indians because of its resemblance to a pair of saddle bags. He said each end and narrow in the middle. He said the lake was about 20 miles long, and narrowed considerably in the middle. I do not know that he is correct, but give you his definition for what it is worth.

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EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I have my doubts about the good effect of this annual parade asked by Mr. Primus W. Jones's first date of cotton, so far as the farmer is concerned. Any man in Georgia knows that it is a rainy rally and truly the first date of the crop. It is the first date of the crop, and does not any more indicate the first date than a cucumber raised under glass indicates the first of the cucumbers. I do not know how much truth there is in the report that an occasional cockle turn has been found in the first bales in the past. We all know cockle turns do not ripen till frost, and we all know that it takes some old cotton to get new cotton this early in the year. How much—not being a first date man—I am unable to say.

But this I do know: The publication about the premature first date gives a false idea of the crop. The speculator takes advantage of it, dates the opening of the cotton season from that date, and makes people look out for new cotton, when there is no possible chance to get it. It is possibly gratifying to the friends of Mr. Jones to have this annual announcement made, but I think it is about time that there should be some explanation of the matter.

## A GREAT COUNTRY,

Which is Growing Greater Every Day.

### A TRIP TO EAST TENNESSEE.

Knoxville and Its New Railroads—Fine Farming Lands, Etc.

I spent three days, including the 4th instant, in and around Knoxville, Tenn. This city is a very quiet, modest place, compared with the boomers lower down the majestic Tennessee. There is not as much fuss made here as in Alabama over the great resources of the state. It is true that coal, iron ore and other minerals are abundant, but I don't think there is a section of the world more favorably situated than the section around Knoxville—and it must not be understood that because the city has not been making a fuss, it has not been making progress. The improvements—I mean the solid, substantial improvements that go to build up a city—can be seen all around this magnificent country.

Knoxville is situated between the great coal and iron belt. West of it are the finest coal fields in America, and only from twenty to thirty miles west. East of it is the iron belt and the rich granular ores and all the various kinds of brown hematites that are found in great abundance. Then all around in the valleys is the MAGNETIC FARMING LANDS that have made East Tennessee famous all over the land.

One farm—the old Lenoir farm—is a principality. They tell an anecdote about one of the oldest ladies who were living during the war, when General Burnside, of Rhode Island, occupied this part of the state. He took a great fancy to this farm and asked Mr. Lenoir what he would take for it. The old gentleman studied awhile and looked at the general, who was expecting a price that he could pay, and said: "I might be willing to swap it for the state of Rhode Island, but I would have to examine your state again before I would give you a definite answer."

Of course they did not trade. It is simply magnificent. I only saw the farm from the railroad, and the sleek, fat corn cobs as thick as they were in Carter's corn field. The corn looks a dark green that indicates seventy-five and eighty bushels per acre. All along from this place, through the famous Sweetwater valley, can be seen the perfection of farming land. So it is all over East Tennessee. Where you find valleys, there you will find rich farming land.

THE CITY OF KNOXVILLE.

Knoxville has about 40,000 inhabitants, and fewer negroes than Chattanooga or Birmingham. The city never overflows, is healthy, and beautifully situated on the west bank of the Tennessee. It has some elegant residences and some very large manufacturing plants.

Until the Knoxville and Ohio was built, a few years ago, the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road was the only railroad in Knoxville, and except a short road running east to Maryville, that was intended for the Knoxville and Augusta. The Richmond and Danville road, which is now being built through, and the road is probably bottled until some time in the future, when the consolidated roads fall to pieces. Then this line may be the only one. Information of this sort should be widely disseminated. An entertaining article on Mrs. Anna Katherine Green is authority for the statement that Chief Justice Waite declared "The Leavenworth Case" to be the greatest work ever written by a woman. It was the legal mind that spoke. "Hints to Letter Writers" says that a square envelope is anathema maranatha to the postoffice clerks, and square envelopes are the fashion, alas!

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there is every reason to believe it will in the near future.

Another important line now being built by the Sibley Construction Company is the road from Knoxville to Greenville, S. C. Knoxville has subscribed \$100,000 to this road, provided it is finished through in two years. This will give a continuous line by Greenville to Augusta, Ga., and on to Port Royal, S. C. A large force of hands are now at work on both ends of this road and there is no doubt it will be finished in two years.

So it will be seen that while there has been no fuss made here as in Alabama over the great resources of the state, it is on a regular healthy boom all the time.

I know no place in the south outside of Atlanta, where I would sooner invest money in real estate than in Knoxville, Tenn.

E. P. H.

### WALKS AND TALKS.

A new hospital at 19 Ella street will soon be started under the auspices of the Episcopal church of this city. The hospital will be non-sectarian in character and will be free to all. It will be in charge of a competent corps of physicians, and will be open for the reception of patients on the first of August. Sufficient funds and donations have been secured to give it a good start.

A meeting will be held at the hospital building next Tuesday at half-past ten in the morning, and all citizens interested in the enterprise are invited to attend.

Colonel Tom Howard, of Kirkwood, has nearly recovered from his long illness. He is now able to use his own paralyzed arm almost as well as ever, and his general health is also greatly improved. The Colonel is out and about every day, and is the same genial and brilliant talker as of old. This will be good news to his friends, and he has a host of them.

It is said that a coolness now exists between a prominent banker of this city and his charming wife.

Under the circumstances it is quite natural. Yesterday the banker's wife was sitting with her party of friends on the porch of her home, in front of the bank, when a gentleman friend came up and stopped for a moment's chat. The gentleman, after paying his respects to the lady, carried the youngster into the bank.

"I don't think I'll be a little girl in to see you," he said to the banker, "and by the way, don't you think she looks very much like your boy? They are both the same age, I believe."

"The resemblance is remarkable," replied the other, as he patted the plump and white cheeks of the laughing infant. Calling to his cashier he said, "Come here and see this handsome baby, and the striking resemblance to my boy."

"Think I'll have to tell my wife about it," he continued. "Your little girl is almost the image of my boy."

The gentleman, who was unable to keep a straight face any longer, took the baby back to the carriage, and told the mother all about his inter view.

"It isn't possible," the lady exclaimed. "Do you mean to say that my husband didn't know his own child? I'll go in and see about it."

And she did. She stepped out of the carriage, and in the twinkling of an eye disappeared through the door of the bank.

"I guess I'll go," said the party who had been getting all the fun out of the joke, and he lost no time in turning a corner.

Mr. R. B. Shepherd, who was elected to the chair of free hand and mechanical drawing in the technological school, is said to be one of the most accomplished men in his line in this country. Mr. Shepherd graduated at the University of Virginia, and won his high reputation as an instructor, at the manual training school in Albemarle county, Va.

There was a fair exhibit of grapes, plums, apples, peaches and strawberries at the meeting of the Atlanta Pomological society yesterday. There was a curiosity, too—an ostrich egg. Captain I. L. Laughton spoke in favor of forming a stock company to build a market house. A delegation from the society will attend the meeting of the Georgia Pomological society at Thomasville, to be held August 1st.

Mr. F. P. Sargent, the grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon at 6:30 and left at 11:35 for Augusta. He will return to this city on Monday morning and pass two or three days. While here he will make arrangements for the annual convention of the order, which will be held in this city, beginning the 10th of next September. During his stay in the city he will take part in a union meeting of the three divisions of the engineers and firemen of Atlanta.

### PURE MILK.

The Best Beverage for This Very Hot Weather.

"Do you know," asked a prominent physician of a representative of THE CONSTITUTION as they sat at a table in Durand's restaurant last night, "do you know that pure milk is the best thing to drink in this hot weather?"  
"But can any pure milk be had?"  
"Most undoubtedly," was the answer, "there is no purer milk in the world than this I can give you."

"Where do you get it, Mr. Durand?"  
"It comes from the Rose Cottage dairy, one mile from LaGrange. This is one of the most picturesque and beautiful spots in Georgia, and the milk is noted for its purity and richness. I was at the dairy and watched closely the way they manage the place. Everything is scrupulously clean. The cows are fed on only the best food and the pasturage cannot be surpassed. I have made an arrangement whereby I will get from this dairy more milk than I can consume in my restaurant. I shall be glad to furnish families with either milk, cream or butter. All the ice cream I sell is made of this pure cream, and I am satisfied no such ice cream is to be had anywhere else in Atlanta."

All who have tasted Durand's ice cream will agree with him.

### WEST END NOTES.

What has become of the extension of Georgia avenue?  
Colonel Richard M. Johnston is spending a few weeks with his brother's family, Dr. and Mrs. James D. Erwin, of Erlington, S. C., on a visit to Captain Howell.

Arrangements are on foot to run a dummy line of electric trolley cars to the lake.

Mr. H. L. Culbertson has been very ill; his friends hope he is improving. He rested very well last night.

Mr. R. H. Caldwell's new residence is being rapidly finished. He hopes to get into it by the 1st of September.

Mr. L. C. Erwin and wife, from Macon, are also visiting Captain Howell. Mr. Julia C. Erwin, the mother of Mrs. Howell, has been very sick for some time. She is very old and feeble; she will be seventy-six in November.

### BEFORE BREAKFAST.

Four figs taken from a tree in Cherokee, California, weighed one pound and seven ounces, and one of them weighing eight ounces.

A new industry in California is said to be the killing of bees that swarm in private houses. At present it is monopolized by two men.

The New Lebanon family of Shakers has declined its centennial, having been gathered together by Joseph Menahan in 1787. The fortunes of the Shakers are said to be declining.

In 1880 there were only 5,000 Jews in Jerusalem, now there are said to be 30,000. The recent persecutions in Russia are said to have caused the greater part of this increase, and many are said to have come from Germany.

The editor of the Oneida, New York, Dispatch says: On Friday we were shown a curiosity in the shape of a seven-leaf clover. This is the only one we ever saw, and it brings to mind the saying "Find a seven and prepare for heaven."

In New York women, married ones among them, are becoming real estate agents, druggists, clerks, doctors, lawyers and barbers, as well as typographers, writers, artists and actresses. In another generation it is thought that the New York home will have passed out of existence entirely.

Colonel Lamar Fontaine



## IT OPENS TODAY.

Three Sermons at the Tabernacle

AT THE CHAUTAUQUA GROUNDS

Ample Railroad Facilities - Political Day at Chautauqua, Etc.

The Chautauqua opens today for the season. And a right good opening it makes. There will be three sermons in the tabernacle during the day and night. Sacred music on the piano, organ, cornet and full bands, with congregational singing of family hymns.

The three sermons will be delivered by Drs. Hawthorne, Hopkins and Lee.

At night there will be the first illumination of the Chautauqua grounds with electric lights, and with ten thousand vari-colored lamps, which will outline the flower beds and walks, and make what is known as "The Fairy Scene Effect" in illumination. This effect will be marvellously beautiful, and as these various illuminations will be given only occasionally, no one should miss it tonight.

Now about going out there. You can leave any time you want to, beginning this morning at eight o'clock. You can take your lunch baskets, carrying your dinner with you, and you will find plenty of cool, shady places in which to eat your dinner with your family. If you do not carry your dinner you can get lunch at the lunch stands, dinner at the restaurant or at the hotel. You will find the tabernacle cool and pleasant, and the nights at Chautauqua delightful.

Remember the schedule. If you cannot go out this morning you can go this afternoon, see the illumination, hear the sacred concert from Rose Mount, hear the night sermon, and spend a delightful evening, getting home early enough to get a good night's rest.

The Georgia Pacific road has enlarged its facilities, will run more trains today than it ran on the fourth, and will run them on regular schedules and without delay, so get ready to spend a day in the woods, hear three sermons, sacred music, get a picnic dinner, and see the beautiful Chautauqua grounds.

Political Day at Chautauqua. Speaker Carlisle telegraphed yesterday afternoon to Mr. Henry W. Grady that he would spend a day at Chautauqua between the 15th and 20th of July, and would make a political address. Mr. Carlisle will be accompanied by several senators and members from Washington, and will be met here by a party from Louisville headed by Hon. Henry Watterson, who will also make an address. A special train will bring each of these distinguished parties from Washington and Louisville, and Mr. Carlisle will be able to spare but three days from Washington so that he cannot address the people elsewhere than at Chautauqua during his stay. Every Georgian ought to arrange to hear this most distinguished statesman on the great political questions of the campaign. The special date of his coming and the details will be given in a day or two.

Department of Physical Education - Normal Class.

This class is for those, only, who intend to introduce physical education in their schools, or to teach gymnastics.

The work will comprise:

1. A course of reading, study and practice in anatomy, physiology, hygiene, "first aid," physical proportions and gymnastics.

2. A course of reading pertaining to physical education. This course will include the latest articles on the subject.

3. Exercises on various appliances and apparatus used in gymnastics, their use, cost, etc.

4. Use of appliances used in anthropometry, tests of strength, eyes, ears, etc.

5. Music in gymnastics.

6. Gymnastics.

7. Special and other deformities—apertures used and not to be used, etc.

The floor work will include under light gymnastics:

Free gymnastics—Four series.

Dumbbells—Four series; also Elzicant and anvil.

Clubs—Three series.

Wands—Four series.

Also lay-out drills, manual of arms, postures and marching series.

Poles—Two series.

Swings—Two series of fencing.

Postures, stances and military movements.

7. Heavy gymnastics.

Work on the bars, ropes, ladders, trapeze and all heavy apparatus.

8. Athletics, running, jumping, putting weights, vaulting.

9. Lectures on subjects pertaining to physical education.

Music, text books and gymnastic apparatus will be on sale at the gymnasium.

Members of the normal class will be expected to assist in teaching children's classes.

The department of physical education is under supervision of W. G. Anderson, M. D., president of the normal school for physical education, Brooklyn, N. Y., represented at Chautauqua by Mrs. E. Marguerite Lindley.

An hour per day will be devoted to the normal teaching.

There will be a class for adults and one for children, each of which will receive an hour's instruction daily.

The department of physical education is open to those of both sexes who wish to join, and instructions in every branch of work mentioned will be given. No one will be admitted to exercise except papers are signed attesting physical ability to guard against any aggravating organic difficulty. If any muscular defect is present in the system, attention must be made of it to the teacher in charge, so that special exercise may be given for the correction of it.

The design in opening this department in our Chautauqua is to practically improve the physical condition of the people by judicious exercises arranged to be interesting and pleasing as well as beneficial to health and to proportionate muscular development.

Each phase of gymnastic work has its individual charm, and everybody's tastes will be reached by some feature of the programme.

Dumbbells, especially the series of postures in marching, are far from stupid. Indian clubs, more difficult in execution, are perhaps more pleasing than the bells. Wand exercises and pole work are equally entertaining, and all of them need varying with calisthenic work to prevent fatigue. Of all the work taught probably none will receive more universal favor than the military movements—based on Upton's tactics—and comprise bayonet drill, manual-of-arms, marching and counter-marching, now grown to be a leading accomplishment among American ladies.

The heavy gymnastics, such as above locks, are formidable to the ladies no doubt, but they will be astonished to see how rapidly their strength will develop.

It is hoped that the gymnasium will receive full patronage, whether viewed from the standpoint of pleasure or hygienic benefit. Certainly the latter point is a weighty one. As a people we are not of normal physique, and the tendency to delicate constitutions should be checked for the sake of enjoying life to the present generation, as well as welfare of the rising generation.

Hence the Excitement.

From the Buffalo Express.

Chicago is agitated over a rumored attempt to bribe the aldermen. It must have been an unsuccessful attempt if it caused excitement.

To A. D.

Alone with thee alone with thee, My friend that used to be!

The silly night has cloth'd a morn'd, There's not an earthly sound.

Into the heaven's clouded gloom, I look and see a lone star on a tower.

My heart heaves with a hopeless sigh, Recalling days gone by.

I would I had been kind to thee, My friend that used to be!

I feel a sadness o'er me roll, Caused by thy death-knell's toll.

My eyes are dim with sorrow's tear, My heart no longer near.

Plaintive I sing into the night, I pray God to give me light!

Now through the darkness breaks above, One lone, bright star of love—

"Thy friend's soul"—that used to be! Does it still beam for me?"

—Ella M.

Oneida, New York, Dis-

ney were shown a curiosity

heart-drover. This is the only

things to mind the saying

fire for heaven."

With married ones among

and estate agents, druggists,

said barbers, as well as typ-

ers and actresses. In another

that the New York home

existence entirely.

Staine, of Canton, Missis-

set bears in a buggy. He has

and may be seen occa-

sionally in the morning. The bear

trout and seem to take their

possible good nature. They

## ROYAL BAKING POWDER.



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

**Absolutely Pure.**

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the adulterated low test short weight stuff of phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall St., New York.

At Wholesale by H. A. Boynton

Wyly & Greene, Atlanta, Ga.

## A NEW FIRM!

**HARRY LYNAN & CO.,**

Railroad Ticket Brokers,

Ocean Steamship Agents

**30 WALL ST.,**

(Opposite Union Depot.)

Atlanta, Ga., July 7th, 1888.—I have this day admitted as a partner in my business Mr. George P. Howard, formerly of the Richmond and Danville Railroad, and hereafter the business will be conducted under the firm name of Harry Lynan & Co. Respectfully, Harry Lynan.

## TO TRAVELERS!

With increased facilities for handling railroad and ocean steamship tickets, and satisfying all the wants of the traveling public, we propose to DO THE BUSINESS OUT OF ATLANTA.

All information pertaining to routes, rates and travel, we will take pleasure in furnishing. Sleeping car berths secured, etc. Parties wishing to go to any point can buy tickets of us at lowest rates.

All kinds of railroad tickets bought and sold.

Ocean steamship tickets to and from all parts of the world.

We trust our friends will not forget us when they travel, and favor us with their patronage, which we will greatly appreciate. Respectfully, Harry Lynan & Co.

**HARRY LYNAN, GEO. P. HOWARD.**

The Eables Cry for It.

And the old folks laugh when they find that the pleasant California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, is more easily taken and more beneficial in its action than bitter, nauseous medicines. It is a most valuable family remedy to act on the bowels, to cleanse the system, and to dispel colds, headaches, and fevers. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company, San Francisco, Cal.

An immense assortment of Window Shades, Lace Curtains, Cornice Poles, etc., at your own price.

We ask that you call early in the week before these goods are sold, as they will go like "hot cakes" at the price.

Call at Kimball

house corner for Chau-

tauca tickets.

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tauca tickets.

Call at Kimball

house corner for Chau-

tauca tickets.

## ART GOODS, DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

**Read**

For thirty days we will close out at actual cost, our entire stock of imported ART GOODS.

Our Mr. Stevens is NOW IN EUROPE, making extensive purchases for the fall, and it is our intention to close out our entire line to make room for this season's importations.

For Wedding Presents or Home Decorations, this is an opportunity to secure the most beautiful objects of Art at importers COST.

**J. P. STEVENS & BRO., Jewelers,**  
47 Whitehall Street.

◀BOOTS! SHOES! SLIPPERS!▶

**JOHN M. MOORE,**

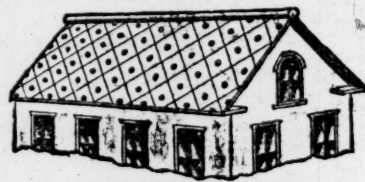
No. 33 Peachtree St.

◀MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FINE FOOTWEAR.▶

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN CAREFUL ATTENTION.

TELEPHONE 117.

may6—dtf 5p



**BEST ROOF**  
In the world is our patent  
**Metal Shingles.**

Send for Circulars and Price Lists.

**E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,**  
288 Harrison Avenue, Boston, Mass.

## STILL INCREASING THE NUMBER OF SALESMEN!

**John Ryan's Sons**

Have been forced again to take on more salesmen. The rush we are having is simply unprecedented in the history of the Dry Goods business. While competitors are lounging about and claiming no business, we are having just such rushes as you would see during Christmas times. The cause is simply this,

## OUR ASTONISHING LOW PRICES!

We are increasing our business daily. No let up for the summer. We buy every day, no matter how hot or how cold. The only thing we want is a price. No lot too large. During the past ten days our buyers have been busy at work, sending car after car of goods. Our immense store house, larger than all the retail houses in Atlanta put together, is crowded with goods, and we delight our immense throng of customers with the greatest bargains of the day. Read the following carefully, and bring this list with you:

Checked Nainsook 3 1/2 cents, worth 6 1/2 cents. Fine Plaid Nainsook 5 cents, worth 9 cents. Lace Stripe and Plain Nainsook 7 cents, worth 12 1/2 cents. Figured White Marseilles 8 cents, worth 20 cents. Plaid India Linens 8 cents, worth 15 cents. Fine Victoria Lawns 5 cents, worth 10 cents. Fine India Linens, 5 cents, worth 15 cents. 40-inch wide Figured Etamine Cloths 8 cents, worth 20 cents. 40-inch wide Printed Batistes 7 cents, worth 15 cents. Printed Canvases, 5 cents, worth 15 cents. 40-inch wide Figured Etamine Cloths 8 cents, worth 20 cents. Toile du Nord at 10 cents, worth 15 cents. Fine Printed Cloths, beautiful designs, 8 cents, worth 25 cents. Printed "Sardou" Plaids 10 cents, worth 25 cents. Toile du Nord at 10 cents, worth 15 cents. Fine Printed Sateens 6 1/2 cents, worth 20 cents. Pacific Lawns, full pieces and beautiful designs, 7 cents, worth 12 1/2 cents. Crinkled Seersuckers, fine quality, 8 cents, worth 15 cents. Fine, wide figured India Silks 60 cents, price elsewhere \$1.50. 800 pieces checked Dress Goods, 2 to 8 yards, 3 1/2 cents, worth 15 cents. 100 dozen Ladies' fine black Lisle Thread Hose, regular \$1.00 goods, at 33 cents. New styles in Challies at 10 cents; others say they are cheap at 16 1/2 cents. 1,000 pieces Lace Scrim worth 25 cents, at 5 cents, 2 to 8 yard lengths. 1,800 pieces of fine colored Embroidery, all shades, from 4 to 12 inches wide on Bargain Table, worth four times the prices asked. Don't fail to see these goods. 74 pieces fine Oriental Lace, 6 to 10 inches wide, at 20 cents. 200 dozen Ladies' Lisle Thread Gloves, various styles, at 5 cents. Big bargain. 2,500 more of those colored border Handkerchiefs at 15 cents per dozen. 700 dozen Gents' Unlaundried Reinforced Shirts, made of genuine New York Mills and 20-hundred Linen, we will sell for next three days only at 50 cents each. No house can duplicate these under \$1.00. 100 cases of White Goods, of every conceivable style, at 3 1/2, 5 1/2, 6 1/2, 8 1/2 and 9 1/2 cents—bargains that will dumbfound you.

## SHOE DEPARTMENT!

Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers 40 cents; shoe dealers ask 75. Infants' Oxford Ties 40 cents; shoe dealers ask 75. Infants' Kid Button Shoes 40 cents; shoe houses advertise them at 75. Misses' hand turned Opera Slippers 50 cents; shoe dealers' price 75. Misses' Spring Heel Ankle Ties, hand turned, 60 cents, worth \$1.25. Misses' Kid Oxford, Patent Leather Tip, 75 cents. Ladies' Oxford Ties, hand turned, 50 cents. Ladies' fine Kid Oxford Ties, hand turned, 75 cents. Ladies' fine Kid Oxford Ties, Patent Leather Tip, \$1.00. Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers 50 cents. Misses' Kid and Goat Spring Heel \$1.00; shoe dealers ask \$1.75.

WE RETAIL SHOES CHEAPER THAN ANY DEALER IN GEORGIA CAN BUY THEM WHOLESALE.

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoes \$1.25, worth \$2.00. Ladies' Curacao Kid Button Common Sense \$1.50, worth \$2.50. Old Ladies' hand turned Shoes \$1.00. Children's Kid Spring Heel 75 cents. Infants' French Kid Shoes 75 cents. Men's Calf Shoes, all styles, \$2.00. Men's Calf Shoes, "Special," \$1.75. Ladies' French Kid Common Sense, hand turned, \$1.75, worth \$4.00. Specially ask to see our \$2.50 and \$3.00 Ladies' fine Kid Shoes, worth \$4.00 to \$5.00. Children's Bright Dongola Button, hand turned tip, \$1.25, worth \$2.50.

## CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

We will offer some remarkable Bargains in Carpets tomorrow: Tapestry Brussels Carpets that were 80 cents now 60 cents. Tapestry Brussels Carpets that were 90 cents now 70 cents. Tapestry Brussels Carpets that were \$1.00 now 80 cents. Body Brussels Carpets that were \$1.50 now \$1.15. Body Brussels Carpets that were \$1.25 now \$1.00. Moquette Carpets that were \$1.75 now \$1.35. Velvet Carpets that were \$1.50 now \$1.15. Ingrain Carpets that were 90 cents now 65 cents. Ingrain Carpets that were 75 cents now 55 cents. Ingrain Carpets that were 65 cents now 45 cents, and all others in proportion.

An immense assortment of Window Shades, Lace Curtains, Cornice Poles, etc., at your own price.

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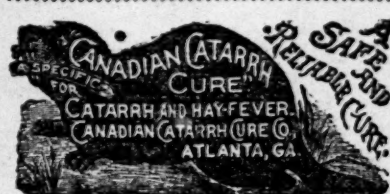
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Call at Kimball

house corner for Chau-

tauca tickets.

## MEDICAL.



**CANADIAN CATARRH CURE.**

A Dangerous Disease Can be Cured by the Use of Canadian Catarrh Cure. A Safe and Reliable Specific for Catarrh, Hay Fever, Sore Throat and "Cold in the Head."

We ask you to read the following testimonials, and if not satisfactory write to the publisher, and we will send you a sample bottle of our "Canadian Catarrh Cure."

ATLANTA, GA., April 5, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO.—Gentlemen:

Several weeks ago, I called at your office, and you gave me a sample bottle of your "Canadian Catarrh Cure."

I had suffered with a bad case of catarrh for some time. I have only used the sample bottle, you gave me, and it has completely cured me. I heartily recommend it to every one suffering with catarrh. One small sample bottle has cured.

Yours truly,

W. B. WATTS,

ATLANTA, GA., January 7, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen:

My dear friend, I called at your office, and you gave me a sample bottle of your "Canadian Catarrh Cure."

I had suffered with a bad case of catarrh for some time. I have only used the sample bottle, you gave me, and it has completely cured me. I heartily recommend it to every one suffering with catarrh. One small sample bottle has cured.

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W. B. WATTS,

ATLANTA, GA., January 7, 1888.

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen:

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GRAND REPUBLIC CIGARS.

## TWO MARVELOUS CIGARS

---MADE BY---

GEORGE P. LIES & CO. OF NEW YORK  
THE "GRAND REPUBLIC" CIGAR.

This Cigar is without a doubt the most popular Cigar in the United States.

It has been before the public for some time and is almost universally smoked. The filler of the "Grand Republic" cigar is equal to any Havana filler in any ten cent cigar on the market.

This famous cigar sells for only five cents, yet it is acknowledged to be the equal of any ten cent cigar. This is talking very boldly, but that is just what we want to do. We have confidence in the "Grand Republic" cigar and know what we say. We say it has no equal for the price. We will back the filler in this cigar with \$50,000 to be as fine in quality as any Havana filler contained in any ten cent cigar. We do not make cheap goods. We cannot afford it. We have been selling real first class goods and expect to continue in that line.

A few unscrupulous parties have made imitations of our celebrated "Grand Republic" cigars and are selling them wherever they can as our goods. We notify the public not to buy these imitations. They are imitations in truth, and not to be compared with our cigars. Many customers buy these imitations not knowing them to be such, naturally believe that the GRAND REPUBLIC have gone down. Do not be deceived in that way, call for the genuine "Grand Republic." We make them up to highest standard. We have employed counsel to prosecute all those selling these imitations and the suit will be commenced at once. We are determined to have the people smoke the pure genuine "Grand Republic" cigar—a 5 cent cigar as good as any ten cent cigar.

## GRAND REPUBLIC BUFFOS!

This is another cigar manufactured by us and is sold almost throughout the civilized world. They have not been before the people as long as our "Grand Republic" cigar, yet they are meeting with great favor everywhere. The Grand Republic "Buffos" are put up four in a pack, and are sold at ten cents a pack. They make a delightful smoke and connoisseurs pronounce the megal to the best. Their filler is the very finest and is in keeping with all our goods. These, as well as the "Grand Republic" cigars are for sale by the trade throughout the United States. Below are some of the dealers in Atlanta:

## DRUGGISTS.

A J Haltiwanger, Pryor and Decatur streets.  
Smith & Bradfield, 102 Whitehall.  
C O Tyner, Broad and Marietta.  
Mathews, Gregory & Co, 21 Marietta street.  
Sharp Bros, 202 Marietta street.  
Henry & McCaully, 93 Peachtree.  
L A Bratton, 91 Peachtree.  
R H Johnson, 126 Forsyth.  
Hutchison & Bros, Whitehall.  
A Danson, 365 Peters.  
M B Avery & Co, 73 Peachtree.  
J L Couch, 197 Wheat street.  
D S Goldsmith & Co, 168 Whitehall street.

## CONFECTIONERS.

C D Ford, 55 Peachtree.  
A G Ballard, Union depot.  
W E Haney & Co, 1 Peachtree street.  
D U Sloan & Co, 43 Peachtree street.  
L J Daniel, Pryor street.  
J H Nunnally, 42 Whitehall.

## GROCERS AND OTHERS.

Hoyt & Thorn, 90 Whitehall street.  
Spencer & Hancock, 118 Whitehall street.  
J H Jentzen, 123 Whitehall street.

John Corrigan, 140 Whitehall street.  
Lowe & Lyman, 136 Whitehall street.  
I S Mitchell, 142 Whitehall street.  
Phillip & Johnson, 218 Whitehall street.  
S Guthman, 195 Whitehall.  
E L LaFontaine, Jr, Whitehall and Forsyth.  
Dan Kline, Windsor and Hood.  
W W Little, 86 Capitol avenue.  
J H & W A Foster, 96 Capitol avenue.  
E G Murphy, Pulliam and Jones.  
M K Murphy, Pulliam and Fair.  
D G Peel, 38 South Broad.  
Stewart & Rice, 158 Decatur.  
Lynch & Connolly, 40 South Broad.  
W A Boggan, Gate City bank saloon.  
J J McMahon, 16 Marietta street.  
Kelly & Maher, 23 Marietta.  
John M Miller, book store.  
G R Reynolds, Broad and Marietta.  
John Blount, 142 Marietta.  
W D Harwell, 250 Marietta.  
Simms Bros., 356 Marietta.  
C Bridwell, 114 Mitchell.  
Schikan & Fleck, 128 Mitchell.  
J L Phelps, E T depot.  
Fincher & Fincher, 251 Mitchell.  
L E Gwinn, 300 Peters.

A Fless, Decatur street.  
W D Smith, Decatur street.  
J J Lynch, Decatur street.  
J H Cooper, 58 Decatur street.  
Hanye & Dunlap, 87 Decatur street.  
W R Heath, 332 Decatur street.  
J R Langford, 528 Decatur street.  
J P Crockett, 530 Decatur street.  
Tappan & Co., 48 Peachtree.  
W J Roberts, 51 Peachtree.  
G S Prior, 53 Peachtree.  
A W Farlinger, 265 Peachtree.  
Prioleau & Co., 296 Peachtree.  
C J Kamper, 369 Peachtree.  
Mitchell & Dimmick, 83 Peachtree.  
D Cramer, 2 East Alabama street.  
H O Reese, 231 Wheat.  
J M Markham, Wheat and Young.  
Wright & Hilley, Houston and Calhoun.  
J W Kilpatrick & Co., Houston street.  
G R Miller, 11 South Pryor street.  
Fred Cummings, 77 Broad.  
P R Johnson, 78 Broad.  
Rice & Saxe, 19 Washington street.  
J W Cotton, 128 Forsyth street.  
T J Buchanan, 246 Decatur street.  
W J Hogan, 49 Highland avenue.

## CAUTION!

We hereby notify jobbers and dealers that we will vigorously prosecute all infringements on our style of package of the Cigarros and Buffos, as to Red Seal and Veneer package.

GEO. P. LIES &amp; CO.,

Factory 200 3d District, New York.

Do not forget to call for these cigars—they are the best, and will please you.

W. A. RUSSELL, Wholesale Agent,  
Atlanta, Georgia.

## WESTERN &amp; ATLANTA

An Interesting Interview  
Joseph M. Brown.

## WHAT LOW FARES HAVE

A Thorough Discussion of the Results  
Reduction in Rates on the Western  
and Atlantic—Notes of Travel.

Four months ago the Western and Atlantic announced a reduction in passenger rates to a point below that of any in the country. It was a wonderful experiment in itself, and the result is of interest to every man and child in this broad land. It is different from what it is, it would have meant that our present rates, the standard for many years to come, would be almost certain that it is only a question of time when the people will receive the benefit of a general reduction in passenger rates. A CONSTITUTION reporter talked with Joseph M. Brown, general passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic road, early and asked him then how the new venture was turning out.

"I would prefer to wait another month," said Mr. Brown, "for I want to give the trial. We have tried it three months, and wish to see if the fourth month will show the other three. If so it cannot be claimed that it is a mere novelty, but novelty would have worn off long before now it is working."

In accordance with this suggestion, the CONSTITUTION reporter called yesterday on Brown's office and asked:

"What is the result of the four-month trial of your reduced passenger fares?"

"Well," said Mr. Brown, "as we have asked so many times whether we were making a success or a failure of our experiment, and as this question has come up so often in the past, we are now interested in the matter, beyond novelty, and who desired to know whether the result of our experiment would be the same as that of the first three months. The result is not improper for me to give. I will premise by stating that it has been a success in every respect."

"About what was the average reduction in your rates?"

"The average on tickets which the majority of our travel was about 25 per cent, although it ran from 16 per cent on tickets to nearly 30 per cent on the Atlanta to Chattanooga."

A WONDERFUL INCREASE

"And your travel has increased 20 per cent, then?"

"Yes, sir," said Mr. Brown, "we increased more than 40 per cent. So our travel would not be permanently more than 10 per cent, and said that to bring about this result we had to reduce the rates from 20 to 30 per cent. It was bound to lose money by the experiment as the novelty wore off. It is, however, that they were mistaken, not the general figures stand. I will state that during the month of May at our stations thirty-eight per cent more than we sold during March, and during April we sold fifty-four per cent more than during the previous April. May we sold twenty-eight per cent more than we did the previous May, and the fact that during May, 1887, the Jones revival meetings were going on in Tennessee, to which we sold many hundreds of tickets; whereas, during this May, nothing extraordinary in the way of sales, (in fact a less number than during May of last year), but we term current travel. During the fourth month under the reduced rates we sold more tickets than during last year. This would indicate that the increase in travel is not a novelty, but a permanent effect. These figures make their own proof absolutely. The Western and Atlantic Railroad company did not take when it reduced its passenger rates three cents per mile."

"The truth is, however, that our revenue for each of the four months of previous years under the rate."

THE INCREASE STEADY

"It was claimed, as I have stated, by some of our railroad friends that the novelty of the cheap fares was the volume of travel for a while, but the novelty would wear off in a month, and that matters would then drop to substantially the old rate, except the permanent effects might be about 10 per cent in the number of tickets sold. But we would, as rolled along, lose money, had reduced our fares 20 per cent. We readily admit the novelty of cheap fares is a late travel for a while; but claiming would be a large enough permanent in travel to give us a permanent revenue—in other words, that would not have the mere temporary claimed, because we were pledged not and not a temporary reduction a man would reason that he would benefit of the reduced fares traveled in March or in July, and would not unduly inconvenience travel in March or April. The fact is a constant heavy increase sales are a vindication of our judgment."

NOT A SURPRISE

"Those will be astonishing figures. Do they not go far beyond your claims?"

"No, sir. If we had expected behind, or to only come out with a deduction, I do not see why we would. We expected from the beginning that the increase in travel would more than make up for the reduction per ticket, and for we would make money by it. Are there any special features in the sales now which are distinguishing under the three cents rate?"

"Yes, sir," said Mr. Brown, "the most noticeable feature is the upsurge in travel, which has prevailed with us for many years past; in fact, ever since there have been railroads that the increase in travel is the density of the population."

"That if you have a thickly settled one which is growing rapidly there will be a constant and increase in the volume of travel, and a little increase of travel, no matter how small, will result in a no charge at all."

A THEORY UPSET

"You say that the Western and Atlantic experience within the past four months this theory?"

"Yes, sir," said Mr. Brown, "has. For instance, let us take our stations on our line. Vining's has of hardly 20 people; Melvor's has of about 25 or 30. The most of those stations, therefore, is done by people living in the region by the few people at the station. In 1887 and 1888, respectively, the number of tickets sold was:

4 months in 1887:

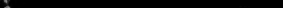
Vining's.....104 tickets  
Melvor's.....339 " "  
Alatona.....102 " "  
Hall's.....26 " "  
McDaniel's.....41 " "  
Rocky Face..... " "

"There has been no boom in the increase of population at stations, hence the increase in travel is owing chiefly to the reduction in fares."



**A Thorough Discussion of the Results of the  
Reduction in Rates on the Western  
and Atlantic—Notes of Travel.**

owing chiefly to the reduction of the rates.



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